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13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 14 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
 15 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

16
 17 MARVELL SEMICONDUCTOR INC., a
 18 California corporation,

19 Plaintiff,

20 v.

21 WI-LAN, INC., a Canadian corporation,

22 Defendant.

23 No. C 07-05626 SI

24 WI-LAN, INC.'S OPPOSITION TO
 25 MARVELL SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.'S
 26 ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION FOR
 27 LEAVE TO FILE SURREPLY

28 Hearing Date: June 20, 2008
 Location: Courtroom 10, 19th Floor
 Time: 9:00 a.m.
 Judge: Honorable Judge Illston

1 Marvell Semiconductor, Inc. (“Marvell”) argues that good cause exists for filing the
 2 proposed surreply because “[t]he June 6th Covenant is new information” Marvell is
 3 wrong—the June 6th Covenant is *not* new information. The June 6th Covenant is *verbatim*
 4 the same covenant as the March 28th Covenant (exhibit A to the Motion to Dismiss) with the
 5 sole exception that the June 6th Covenant applies to Marvell’s new Tavor chipset family as
 6 opposed to the PXA90x family of chipsets that Marvell was selling at the time it filed its
 7 declaratory judgment complaint.

8 Marvell previously described the March 28th Covenant for the PXA90x family of
 9 chipsets as a “broad covenant not to sue.” Opposition at 5. Indeed, in its Opposition to the
 10 Motion to Dismiss, Marvell complained that “Wi-LAN has not given an equally broad
 11 covenant not to sue on Marvell Release 5 products which are either in, or about to enter, the
 12 market, such as the Tavor family of chipsets.” *Id.* at 5. Pursuant to Marvell’s request,
 13 Wi-LAN granted Marvell the same broad covenant not to sue on the new Tavor family of
 14 chipsets.

15 Marvell’s proposed Surreply belatedly seeks to raise issues with the scope of the
 16 covenant—issues Marvell did not raise previously—and it does so despite the fact that
 17 Wi-LAN has provided the same broad covenant not to sue it provided for the PXA90x
 18 family of chipsets. Marvell should not now be heard to complain about the scope of the
 19 covenant.

20 Furthermore, Marvell’s Motion to File a Surreply should be denied as the Proposed
 21 Surreply is futile. Marvell argues that the “broad covenant not to sue” is limited in two
 22 respects: 1) the covenant does not include Marvell’s affiliated companies; and 2) the
 23 covenant excludes future products. Neither perceived limitation is sufficient for the Court to
 24 maintain jurisdiction.

25 First, “conceivable claims against ‘affiliates’ of the plaintiffs . . . are insufficient to
 26 generate the required actual cases or controversies that have been extinguished by [the]
 27 covenant not to sue the plaintiffs on the claims of the [] patent.” *In re Columbia Univ.*
 28 *Patent Litig.*, 343 F. Supp. 2d 35, 49 (D. Mass. 2004).

1 Second, *future* products of unknown, undefined scope cannot be of “sufficient
 2 immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance of a declaratory judgment.” *Cat Tech., LLC v.*
 3 *Tubemaster, Inc.*, No. 2007-1443, slip op. at 10 (Fed. Cir. May 28, 2008) (citing
 4 *MedImmune, Inc. v. Genetech, Inc.*, 549 U.S. 118, 127 (2007) (internal citation and
 5 quotation marks omitted)). Marvell has the burden of establishing the immediacy and reality
 6 of future products sufficient for declaratory judgment jurisdiction; but, Marvell has done
 7 nothing more than advance an unsupported allegation of possible future products. As this
 8 Court has explained, “[t]he residual possibility of a future infringement suit based on []
 9 future acts is simply too speculative a basis for jurisdiction over [a] counterclaim for
 10 declaratory judgments of invalidity.” *Sharper Image Corp. v. Honeywell Int’l, Inc.*, Nos. C
 11 02-4860 CW; C 04-0529 CW, 2005 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 32425, at *7 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 31,
 12 2005) (quoting *Super Sack Mfg. Corp. v. Chase Packaging Corp.*, 57 F.3d 1054, 1058 (Fed.
 13 Cir. 1995)).

14 There is no new information justifying Marvell’s request for leave to file its proposed
 15 Surreply. Wi-LAN, therefore, respectfully requests that the Court deny Marvell’s Motion
 16 for Leave to File a Surreply.

17 Wi-LAN also respectfully submits that the record is clear that no case or controversy
 18 exists to maintain declaratory judgment jurisdiction, and a hearing to decide this matter is,
 19 therefore, unnecessary, especially in view of the covenants that Wi-LAN has provided, not
 20 only for the PXA90x family of chipsets being sold at the time the Complaint was filed—
 21 which is when jurisdiction must be established by Marvell—but also for the new Tavor
 22 family of chip sets.

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1 DATED: June 17, 2008.

2 Respectfully,

3 JEFFREY E. FAUCETTE
4 SIMONA ALESSANDRA AGNOLUCCI
HOWARD RICE NEMEROVSKI CANADY
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6 By: /s/
7 SIMONA ALESSANDRA AGNOLUCCI

8 Attorneys for Defendant WI-LAN, INC.

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Chris Roberts, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action; my business address is Three Embarcadero Center, Seventh Floor, San Francisco, California 94111-4024. On June 17, 2008, I served the following document(s) described as **WI-LAN, INC.'S OPPOSITION TO MARVELL SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.'S ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SURREPLY:**

- by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m.
- by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at San Francisco, California addressed as set forth below.
- by transmitting via email the document(s) listed above to the email address(es) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m.
- by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed Federal Express envelope and affixing a pre-paid air bill, and causing the envelope to be delivered to a Federal Express agent for delivery.
- by personally delivering the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.

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I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed at San Francisco, California on June 17, 2008.

Chris Roberts